SHORT SCIENTIFIC NOTES

A Note on Some Phytopathogenic Fungi from Hyderabad (India)

The author records the following phytopathogenic fungi occurring in Hyderabad District (A.P.): Albugo ipomeue-panduratae (Schwein) Swing on Merremia emarginata Hallier. f.; Cercospora chloroxyli Ramakrishnan and Reddy on Chloroxylon swietenia D.C.; Macrophoma obsoleta Sacc. on Coccinia sp.; Pestalotiopsis japonica (Syd.) Steyaert on Terminalia tomentosa W. and A.; Phomopsis gardeniae Buddin and Wakefield on Gardenia lucida Roxb.; Puccinia lithospermi E. and K. on Evolvulus alsinoides Linn, and Stenella aegles Prasad on Aegle marmelos Correa. Of these, M. obseleta, Phomopsis gardeniae and P. lithospermi form new additions to the fungi of India. Pestalotiopsis japonica and S. aegles are new records for South India. Albugo ipomeae-panduratae, Pestalotiopsis japonica and Cercospora chloroxyli are new records for Andhra Pradesh State.

All the herbarium specimens of the above fungiare deposited at C.M.I., Kew, England and Mycology Laboratory, Botany Department, Osmania University, Hyderabad.

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Botany Department, C. Manoharachary. Osmania University, Hyderabad-500007, December 19, 1973.

A TDC-12 Computer Program for the Computation of Bartlett's Test for Homogeneity of Variances

Bartlett's test has been given for testing the hypothesis $H: \sigma_1^2 = \sigma_2^2 = \sigma_3^2 = \sigma_\kappa^2$, where a random sample of " n_i " observations had been taken

from the 'i th' normal population (i = 1, ... k) (Ostle, 1966). This test is statistically adequate for testing the homogeneity of variances. In the statistical analysis of field data, testing of homogeneity of variances is usually required by plant breeders in pooling error variances in groups of experiments. This is particularly true when they are interested in estimating and testing genotype \times environmental interactions. In estimating various stability parameters, this test is, however, of great use.

A computer program, intended for estimating Bartlett's test of homogeneity of variances, has been developed and documented for the TDC-12 computer.

The program is written in Fortran 4-k.

Detailed information regarding the use of the program and listing of the program can be obtained from us.

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^{1.} Ostle, B., Statistics in Research, Oxford and LB.H., 1966, 136, 338.